**Financial Statements** 

**December 31, 2019** 

City of Edgewater, Colorado
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December 31, 2019

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# HAMBLIN AND ASSOCIATES, LLC

### **Certified Public Accountants**

Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

23720 Pondview Place Golden, CO 80401

(303) 694-2727

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Edgewater, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Edgewater, Colorado as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements of the City of Edgewater, as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Edgewater, Colorado, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other-Matters

Required Supplementary Information –Management Discussion and Analysis

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Required Supplementary Information – Pension Schedules and Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Edgewater's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and the local highway finance report listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Hamblin and Associates

Golden, Colorado March 7, 2022

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of Edgewater, Colorado provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements. In this discussion and analysis, "City" refers to the primary government and does not include the Edgewater Redevelopment Authority component unit.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The City's financial position continues to be strong and improved during 2019.
- The assets of the City exceed its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$22,442,596 (net position), which represents an increase of \$1,211,464 or 5.7% over the prior year. Of this amount, \$9,983,557 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.
- In addition, the assets of the Edgewater Redevelopment Authority exceed its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$1,404,078 (net position). This represents an improvement in net position of \$28,325 or 2.1% during 2019.
- Unrestricted cash and investments as of December 31, 2019 totaled \$11,837,239 which is a decrease of \$2,349,954 or 16.6% over the prior year. This decrease resulted from a purchase of a capital asset in the amount of \$2,505,340.
- During 2019, the City's governmental activities reported total revenues of \$9,058,466 with total expenses of \$7,626,680.
- General Fund sales and use tax revenues increased \$304,443 or 5.1% from 2018.
- Due to the continued strength of the City's sales tax base and other income sources plus prudent governmental spending, sufficient revenues are available to address future infrastructure needs.

### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Edgewater's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide financial statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents the financial condition of the City as a whole at the end of the fiscal year by presenting information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities. The difference between the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, less deferred inflows of resources and liabilities is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*Governmental Activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*Business-Type Activities*). The Governmental Activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, and parks and recreation. The Business-Type Activities of the City include water, sewer, and trash collection.

#### **Fund financial statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Edgewater, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

Governmental Funds -- Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds. The balances left at year-end are available for spending in future years, provided that balances restricted for certain purposes are spent for those purposes only. Governmental Funds utilize the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements display detailed short-term views of cash, operations, and the basic services provided. Governmental fund statements show the reader whether there are more or fewer financial resources available at the end of a fiscal year that can be spent in the near future to finance government programs and objectives.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City currently maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented by fund name in the *Balance Sheet--Governmental Funds* and the *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances--Governmental Funds* for three of the five governmental funds that meet the criteria to be designated as major funds (General Fund, Open Space Fund, and Capital Improvements Fund). The other two (Conservation Trust Fund and Capital Equipment Fund) are combined in a column titled "Nonmajor Governmental Funds." Individual fund data for these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the back of this report in the section titled "Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules." Annual budget appropriations are adopted for all funds. Budgetary comparison schedules are included to demonstrate compliance with budgets.

**Proprietary Funds** -- The City's utility services are reported in the proprietary funds; they focus on overall economic position rather than year-end fund balances. Enterprise Funds are the type of proprietary funds used to account for the City's water, sewer, and trash hauling operations. Enterprise funds report the same functions presented as Business-Type Activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

**Fiduciary Funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. They are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because their

resources are not available to support the City's programs or operations. The City's Firemen's Pension Plan falls in this fund category as a Pension Trust Fund. Its accounting method tracks additions and deductions to the pension fund assets. Funding progress for the fund's long-term pension obligations is shown in the Required Supplementary Information following the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are the final section of the basic financial statements.

### Other information

Combining statements for the nonmajor governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules are provided after the Required Supplementary Information.

### **GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position is a useful indicator of a government's overall financial position.

#### City of Edgewater's Net Position

		Governn	nen	tal	П	Busine	ss.	-type				
	Activities				Activ	/itie	es	Total				
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Current and other assets	\$	11,887,577	\$1	4,326,835	\$	1,275,041	\$	1,519,844	\$	13,162,618	\$	15,846,679
Capital assets, net	\$	19,344,554	\$1	6,974,740	\$	2,395,942	\$	2,286,477	\$	21,740,496	\$	19,261,217
Total assets	\$	31,232,131	\$3	31,301,575	\$	3,670,983	\$	3,806,321	\$	34,903,114	\$	35,107,896
Items Related to Pension	\$	757,262	\$	356,501	\$	-	\$	-	\$	757,262	\$	356,501
Loss on Debt Refunding	\$	10,688	\$	21,376	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,688	\$	21,376
Total deferred outflows	\$	767,950	\$	377,877	\$	-	\$	-	\$	767,950	\$	377,877
Current and other liabilities	\$	2,293,904	\$	2,534,621	\$	246,570	\$	120,746	\$	2,540,474	\$	2,655,367
Long-term debt outstanding	\$	9,886,920	\$1	0,581,218	\$	788,972	\$	829,812	\$	10,675,892	\$	11,411,030
Total liabilities	\$	12,180,824	\$1	3,115,839	\$	1,035,542	\$	950,558	\$	13,216,366	\$	14,066,397
Items Related to Pension	\$	12,102	\$	188,244	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,102	\$	188,244
Total deferred inflows	\$	12,102	\$	188,244	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,102	\$	188,244
Net position:							H		+			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,573,922	\$	6,553,475	\$	1,611,751	\$	1,459,522	\$	11,185,673	\$	8,012,997
Restricted	\$	1,273,366	\$	1,223,537	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,273,366	\$	1,223,537
Unrestricted	\$	8,959,867	\$ 1	0,598,357	\$	1,023,690	\$	1,396,241	\$	9,983,557	\$	11,994,598
Total net position	\$	19,807,155	\$ 1	8,375,369	\$	2,635,441	\$	2,855,763	\$	22,442,596	\$	21,231,132

As of December 31, 2019, the assets of the City exceed its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$22,442,596 (net position). Of this amount, \$9,983,557 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.

This represents an improvement in total net position of \$1,211,464 or 5.7% over the prior year.

In addition, the assets of the Edgewater Redevelopment Authority exceed its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$1,404,078 (net position). This represents an improvement in net position of \$28,325 or 2.1% during 2019.

At the end of 2019, \$11,887,577 or 38.1% of the Governmental Activities' total assets were in current assets, including \$10,898,348 or 34.9% of total assets in cash and investments. This excellent cash position will enable the City to continue its operations at the current levels and continue to pursue improvements in infrastructure.

Current assets in the Governmental Activities exceed noncurrent liabilities by \$2,000,657.

The Business-Type Activities of the City have \$1,067,012 in cash and investments and \$1,035,542 in total liabilities and no bonded debt. The City has adequate resources available to meet all outstanding Business-Type Activities debt.

As of December 31, 2019, \$1,273,366 or 5.7% of the City's total net position is restricted for parks and recreation, future debt service requirements, or emergencies. Another \$11,185,673 or 49.8% of the City's total net position is invested in capital assets. The remaining \$9,983,557 or 44.5% of the City's total net position may be used to meet the City's other ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.

The following chart displays the changes in net position experienced by the City over the last two years.

**City of Edgewater's Changes in Net Position** 

	Govern	me	ntal	Busines	ss-t	ype			
	Activ	itie	s	Activ	itie	s	То	tal	
•	2019		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018
Program Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 1,006,766	\$	1,017,260	\$ 1,942,455	\$	1,973,535	\$ 2,949,221	\$	2,990,795
Operating grants & contributions	\$ 476,993	\$	449,213	\$ =	\$	-	\$ 476,993	\$	449,213
Capital grants & contributions	\$ -	\$	384,675	\$ 197,164	\$	-	\$ 197,164	\$	384,675
General revenues:							\$ =	\$	-
Sales & use taxes	\$ 6,285,366	\$	5,980,923	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 6,285,366	\$	5,980,923
Franchise & other taxes	\$ 255,559	\$	266,877	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 255,559	\$	266,877
Other general revenues	\$ 1,033,782	\$	4,550,033	\$ 9,139	\$	11,140	\$ 1,042,921	\$	4,561,173
Total Revenues	\$ 9,058,466	\$	12,648,981	\$ 2,148,758	\$	1,984,675	\$ 11,207,224	\$	14,633,656
•									
Program Expenses:									
General government	\$ 3,105,419	\$	2,587,335	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 3,105,419	\$	2,587,335
Public safety	\$ 2,419,312	\$	1,642,328	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,419,312	\$	1,642,328
Public w orks	\$ 1,227,088	\$	1,049,922	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,227,088	\$	1,049,922
Parks and Recreation	\$ 586,845	\$	783,112	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 586,845	\$	783,112
Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$ 288,016	\$	168,868	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 288,016	\$	168,868
Water	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,445,076	\$	1,131,816	\$ 1,445,076	\$	1,131,816
Sew er	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 679,706	\$	467,967	\$ 679,706	\$	467,967
Trash	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 244,298	\$	230,251	\$ 244,298	\$	230,251
Total Expenses	\$ 7,626,680	\$	6,231,565	\$ 2,369,080	\$	1,830,034	\$ 9,995,760	\$	8,061,599
•									
Change in Net Position	\$ 1,431,786	\$	6,417,416	\$ (220,322)	\$	154,641	\$ 1,211,464	\$	6,572,057
Net Position, Beginning	\$ 18,375,369	\$	11,957,953	\$ 2,855,763	\$	2,701,122	\$ 21,231,132	\$	14,659,075
Net Position, Ending	\$ 19,807,155	\$	18,375,369	\$ 2,635,441	\$	2,855,763	\$ 22,442,596	\$	21,231,132

### **Governmental Activities**

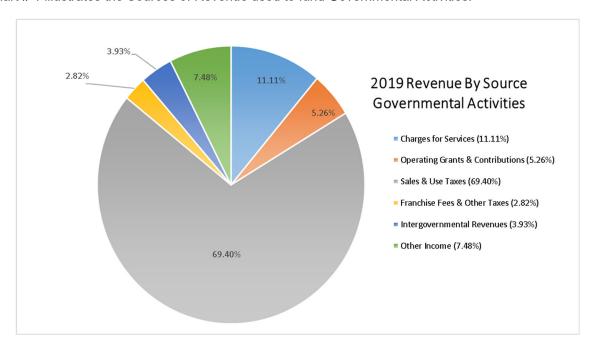
Governmental activities caused the City's net position to increase by \$1,431,786 in 2019 compared to an increase of \$6,417,416 in 2018.

Key elements of the change in net position for 2019 are:

- The City sold properties for redevelopment and received a gain of \$523,298.
- Sales and use tax revenues increased by \$304,443 or 5.1%.
- Licenses and permits revenues increased by \$97,281 or 45.8%.

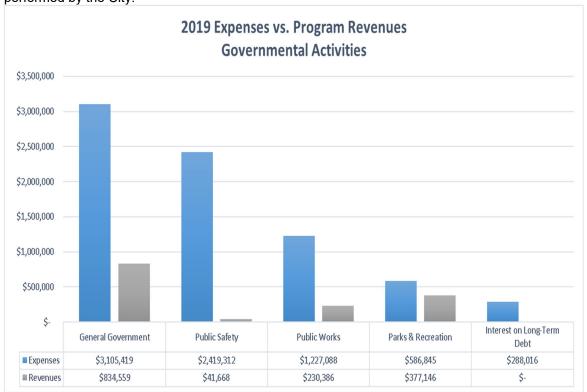
### The following two charts illustrate the Governmental Activities Revenues and Expenses.

Chart # 1 illustrates the Sources of Revenue used to fund Governmental Activities.



The importance of sales and use tax to the City is clearly demonstrated in this chart. Sales and use taxes comprise 69.4% of the total revenue for Governmental Activities.

Chart # 2 compares Expenses to Revenues associated with the various Governmental Activities performed by the City.



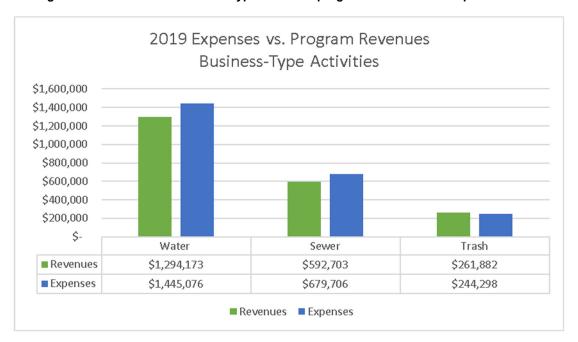
### **Business-Type Activities**

Business-Type Activities consists of the water, sewer and trash operations of the City.

- Business-Type Activities generated total revenues of \$2,148,758 in 2019.
- During 2019, total expenses were \$2,369,080.
- These activities resulted in a decrease to the City's net position of \$220,322.

Charges for services exceeded expenses in the trash fund by \$17,584. The water and sewer funds had net operating losses of -\$150,903 and -\$87,003, respectively. City management continues to explore methods of improving operating profits in the utility funds while maintaining and improving infrastructure.

The following chart illustrates the Business-Type Activities program revenues and expenses.



#### THE CITY'S FUNDS

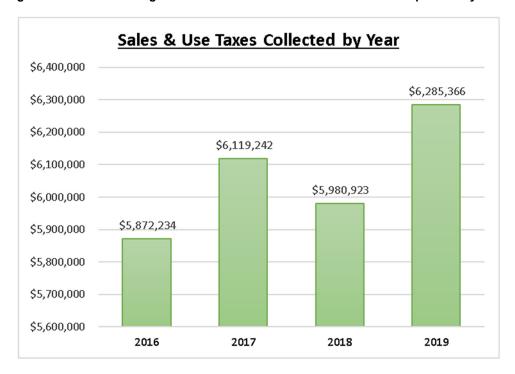
As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The governmental funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting and the balances of the spendable resources (fund balances) in each fund are shown at year end.

At December 31, 2019, the City's three major Governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$9,587,796 which is a decrease of \$1,664,616 since 2018. The primary reason for this decrease was the purchase of a capital asset.

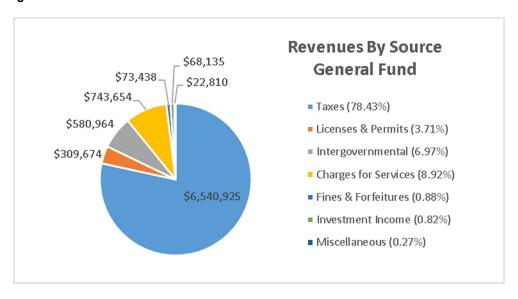
The individual major funds are discussed below.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. It accounts for all general services provided by the City. At the end of 2019, the fund balance of the General Fund totaled \$5,128,764. This is an increase from the prior year of \$67,737. This increase is due to continued strength of sales tax revenues in excess of expenditures.

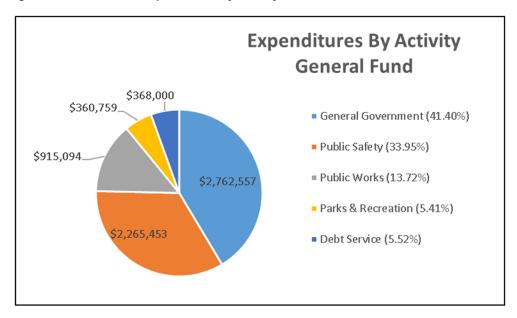
The following chart documents the growth in sales and use tax revenues over the past four years.



The following chart illustrates the sources of revenue for the General Fund.



The following chart illustrates the expenditures by activity for the General Fund.



Open Space Fund. The Open Space Fund is utilized to account for the City's share of Open Space Sales Tax revenues collected by Jefferson County. These revenues are legally restricted to use for open space, parks, trails, and associated outdoor recreation programs. In 2019, \$177,946 in current revenues were spent on such programs.

Capital Improvements Fund. The Capital Improvements Fund was established to finance major capital improvements. During 2019, the City spent \$2,505,340 for a capital asset purchase, \$572,862 on debt service payments for the Civic Center capital lease, and \$674,789 on building, street, and storm sewer improvements. The expenses were funded through a transfer from the General Fund (\$1,400,000) and a sale of a capital asset (\$547,638).

*Proprietary Funds.* At December 31, 2019, the net positions of the Water, Sewer, and Trash Funds were \$1,327,247, \$1,214,464, and \$93,730, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's Business-Type Activities.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

*Capital Assets*. At December 31, 2019, the City had invested in a range of capital assets including land, vehicles, streets, and equipment. Note 3 of the financial statements provides a summary of these assets.

City capital acquisitions and expenses during 2019 included:

\$ 2,502,040
\$ 134,456
\$ 489,946
\$ 260,776
\$ \$ \$ \$

Debt Administration. Note 4 of the financial statements provides a summary of the City's long-term debt. At December 31, 2019, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$370,000 and a capital lease of \$9,400,000. The bonds and capital lease are payable from general sales and use tax revenues of the City. The city has a loan from the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority with an

outstanding balance of \$784,191. This debt will be paid from revenues collected from water service charges. The City has contractual obligations for compensated absences totaling \$110,381, which will be paid from the revenues of each respective fund.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The City continues to experience revenue growth from the sales taxes collected by its retail establishments and from small commercial and residential planning and building permit fees. The 2020 Budget anticipates a continuation of these trends.

### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

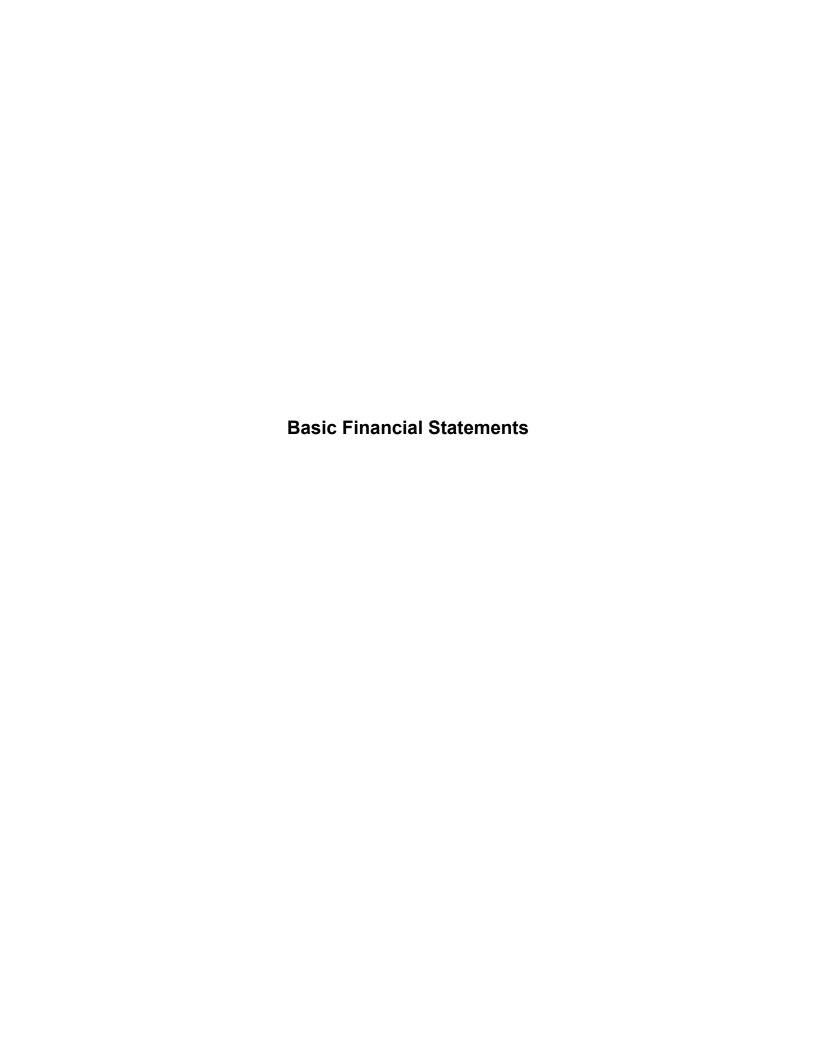
This financial report is designed to provide the City of Edgewater's residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the funds and assets it receives.

If you have questions about this report, or should you desire additional financial information, please contact the City's Finance Department at:

City of Edgewater 1800 Harlan St. Edgewater, CO 80214

Phone: 720-763-3041

Email: nkirkpatrick@edgewaterco.com or visit our website at www.edgewaterco.com



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

	F	Primary Governme	nt	Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type		Redevelopment
	Activities	Activities	Totals	Authority
Assets Cash and Investments	\$ 10,770,227	\$ 1,067,012	\$ 11,837,239	\$ 1,226,577
Restricted Cash and Investments	128,121	Ψ 1,007,012	128,121	Ψ 1,220,377
Accounts Receivable	221,704	191,379	413,083	_
Taxes Receivable	674,233	191,379	674,233	174,180
Prepaid Expenses	36,113		36,113	17-4,100
Inventory	50,115	16,650	16,650	_
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	2,730,128	10,030	2,730,128	134,000
Capital Assets, Not being Depreciated  Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Deprecation	16,614,426	2,395,942	19,010,368	44,100
Net Pension Asset		2,393,942		44,100
Net Perision Asset	57,179		57,179	
Total Assets	31,232,131	3,670,983	34,903,114	1,578,857
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization	757,262	-	757,262	-
Loss on Debt Refunding, Net of				
Accumulated Amortization	10,688		10,688	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	767,950		767,950	
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	1,655,079	243,956	1,899,035	599
Retainage Payable	33,826	-	33,826	-
Accrued Liabilities	99,983	_	99,983	_
Customer Deposits	174,800	_	174,800	_
Accrued Interest Payable	22,325	2,614	24,939	_
Noncurrent Liabilities	,,	_, -, - · ·	,	
Due Within One Year	768,232	44,675	812,907	_
Due in More Than One Year	9,118,688	744,297	9,862,985	_
Net Pension Liability	307,891	-	307,891	
Total Liabilities	12,180,824	1,035,542	13,216,366	599
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
	10 100		10 100	
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization	12,102	-	12,102	474.400
Property Taxes				174,180
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,102		12,102	174,180
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,573,922	1,611,751	11,185,673	178,100
Restricted for:		•	•	•
Emergencies	278,500	-	278,500	-
Parks and Open Space	994,866	-	994,866	_
Unrestricted	8,959,867	1,023,690	9,983,557	1,225,978
Total Net Position	\$ 19,807,155	\$ 2,635,441	\$ 22,442,596	\$ 1,404,078

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue and									
			0	perating	Ca	apital	Pri	mary Governm	ent	Com	ponent Unit
		Charges for	Gr	ants and	Gra	nts and	Governmental	Business-type		Red	evelopment
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Cor	ntributions	Contr	ributions	Activities	Activities	Totals	A	Authority
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities											
General Government	\$ 3,105,419	\$ 834,559	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (2,270,860)	\$ -	\$ (2,270,860)	\$	-
Public Safety	2,419,312	1,362		40,306		-	(2,377,644)	-	(2,377,644)		-
Public Works	1,227,088	40,487		189,899		-	(996,702)	-	(996,702)		-
Parks and Recreation	586,845	130,358		246,788		-	(209,699)	-	(209,699)		-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	288,016						(288,016)		(288,016)		
Total Governmental Activities	7,626,680	1,006,766		476,993			(6,142,921)		(6,142,921)		
Business-Type Activities											
Water	1,445,076	1,285,841		_		-	-	(159,235)	(159,235)		-
Sewer	679,706	394,732		-		197,164	-	(87,810)	(87,810)		-
Trash	244,298	261,882		-		-	-	17,584	17,584		-
Total Business-Type Activities	2,369,080	1,942,455				197,164		(229,461)	(229,461)		
Total Primary Government	\$ 9,995,760	\$ 2,949,221	\$	476,993	\$	197,164	(6,142,921)	(229,461)	(6,372,382)		
Component Unit											
Redevelopment Authority	\$ 53,536	\$ -	\$		\$						(53,536)
	General Reve	nues									
	Property Tax						_	_	_		67,710
	Sales and Us						6,285,366	_	6,285,366		-
	Franchise Ta						255,559	_	255,559		_
		ental Revenue	s no	t			200,000		200,000		
	•	Specific Prog					355,759	_	355,759		_
	Investment In		,				128,030	9,139	137,169		14,151
	Gain on Sale	of Capital Ass	ets				523,298	-	523,298		-
	Miscellaneou						26,695	-	26,695		-
	T / 10	. 5									
	Total Gener	al Revenues					7,574,707	9,139	7,583,846		81,861
	Change in N	let Position					1,431,786	(220,322)	1,211,464		28,325
	Net Position,	Beginning					18,375,369	2,855,763	21,231,132		1,375,753
	Net Position,	Ending					\$ 19,807,155	\$ 2,635,441	\$ 22,442,596	\$	1,404,078

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

		Open		Capital	lonmajor vernmental	
	 General	 Space	lm	provements	 Funds	Totals
Assets						
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,578,670	\$ 776,864	\$	4,115,675	\$ 299,018	\$ 10,770,227
Restricted Cash and Investments	-	-		128,121	-	128,121
Accounts Receivable	186,485	35,219		-	-	221,704
Taxes Receivable	674,233	-		-	-	674,233
Prepaid Expenditures	 36,113	 			 	36,113
Total Assets	\$ 6,475,501	\$ 812,083	\$	4,243,796	\$ 299,018	\$ 11,830,398
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,071,954	\$ 12,173	\$	550,848	\$ 20,104	\$ 1,655,079
Retainage Payable	-	-		33,826	-	33,826
Accrued Liabilities	99,983	-		-	-	99,983
Customer Deposits	 174,800	 			 	174,800
Total Liabilities	1,346,737	 12,173		584,674	 20,104	1,963,688
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable Prepaid Expenditures	36,113	-		-	-	36,113
Restricted for:						
Emergencies	278,500	-		-	-	278,500
Parks and Open Space	-	799,910		-	194,956	994,866
Assigned to Capital Outlay	-	-		3,659,122	83,958	3,743,080
Unrestricted, Unassigned	 4,814,151			-	 	4,814,151
Total Fund Balances	 5,128,764	 799,910		3,659,122	278,914	9,866,710
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 6,475,501	\$ 812,083	\$	4,243,796	\$ 299,018	\$ 11,830,398

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

## Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$	9,866,710
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		19,344,554
Net pension assets (liabilities) and the related deferred inflows and outflows are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.  Net Pension Asset  Net Pension Liability  Pension-Related Deferred Outflows of Resources  Pension-Related Deferred Inflows of Resources		57,179 (307,891) 757,262 (12,102)
Long-term liabilities and related items are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore are not reported in governmental funds.  Loss on Debt Refunding  Accrued Interest Payable  Long-Term Debt		10,688 (22,325) (9,886,920)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ '	19,807,155

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2019

Paramora	General	Open Space	Capital Improvements	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Revenues	ф C Г 4 О ООГ	Φ.	Φ.	ф	ф C E 4O OOE
Taxes	\$ 6,540,925	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,540,925
Licenses and Permits	309,674	105.00	- 	- 61 161	309,674
Intergovernmental	580,964	185,024	5,000	61,164	832,152
Charges for Services	743,654		-	-	743,654
Fines and Forfeitures	73,438	0.05		- 0.450	73,438
Investment Income	68,135	8,957	•	3,458	128,030
Miscellaneous	22,810		4,485		27,295
Total Revenues	8,339,600	193,98	56,965	64,622	8,655,168
Expenditures					
Current					
General Government	2,762,557		-	46,111	2,808,668
Public Safety	2,265,453		-	139,651	2,405,104
Public Works	915,094		<del>-</del>	47,440	962,534
Parks and Recreation	360,759	177,946	-	47,155	585,860
Capital Outlay	-		- 3,180,129	-	3,180,129
Debt Service					
Principal	350,000		- 300,000	-	650,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	18,000	-	272,862		290,862
Total Expenditures	6,671,863	177,946	3,752,991	280,357	10,883,157
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	1,667,737	16,035	(3,696,026)	(215,735)	(2,227,989)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	_		- 547,638	_	547,638
Transfers In	_		1,400,000	200,000	1,600,000
Transfers Out	(1,600,000)			-	(1,600,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,600,000)		1,947,638	200,000	547,638
Net Change in Fund Balances	67,737	16,035	5 (1,748,388)	(15,735)	(1,680,351)
Fund Balances, Beginning	5,061,027	783,875	5,407,510	294,649	11,547,061
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 5,128,764	\$ 799,910	\$ 3,659,122	\$ 278,914	\$ 9,866,710

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2019

## Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$ (1,680,351)
Capital outlays to purchase or construct capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized in the statement of net position and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Capital Outlay	3,126,442
Capital Asset Disposals	(24,340)
Depreciation Expense	(732,288)
Repayments of debt principal are expenditures in governmental funds, but they reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and do not affect the statement of	
activities.	650,000
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:	
Amortization of Loss on Debt Refunding	(10,688)
Amortization of Premiums	11,321
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This includes changes in the following:	
Accrued Interest Payable	2,213
Compensation Absences Payable	32,977
Net Pension Asset	(489,058)
Net Pension Liability	(31,345)
Pension-Related Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources	576,903
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,431,786

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2019

Assets	Water	Sewer	Nonmajor Trash	Totals
Current Assets				
Cash and Investments	\$ 722,030	\$ 257,941	\$ 87,041	\$ 1,067,012
Accounts Receivable	127,403		25,327	191,379
Inventory	16,650		, -	16,650
Total Current Assets	866,083		112,368	1,275,041
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,301,440	1,094,502	-	2,395,942
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,301,440	1,094,502	-	2,395,942
Total Assets	2,167,523	1,391,092	112,368	3,670,983
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	50,944	174,374	18,638	243,956
Accrued Interest Payable	2,614	-	-	2,614
Compensated Absences Payable, Current Portion	556	496	-	1,052
Loans Payable, Current Portion	43,623	-	-	43,623
Total Current Liabilities	97,737	174,870	18,638	291,245
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated Absences Payable	1,971	1,758	-	3,729
Loans Payable	740,568	-	-	740,568
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	742,539	1,758	-	744,297
Total Liabilities	840,276	176,628	18,638	1,035,542
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	517,249	1,094,502	-	1,611,751
Unrestricted	809,998	119,962	93,730	1,023,690
Total Net Position	\$ 1,327,247	\$ 1,214,464	\$ 93,730	\$ 2,635,441

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Nonmajor		
0 " 0	Water	Sewer	Trash	Totals	
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 1,282,250 3,591	\$ 394,732 -	\$ 260,877 1,005	\$ 1,937,859 4,596	
Total Operating Revenues	1,285,841	394,732	261,882	1,942,455	
Operating Expenses					
Service Operating Expenses Depreciation	1,327,865 93,878	629,570 50,136	244,298	2,201,733 144,014	
Total Operating Expenses	1,421,743	679,706	244,298	2,345,747	
Net Operating Income (Loss)	(135,902)	(284,974)	17,584	(403,292)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment Income	8,332	807	-	9,139	
Loss on Asset Disposal	(7,297)	-	-	(7,297)	
Interest Expense	(16,036)			(16,036)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(15,001)	807		(14,194)	
Net Income (Loss) Before Contributions	(150,903)	(284,167)	17,584	(417,486)	
Capital Contributions					
Connection Fees		197,164		197,164	
Change in Net Position	(150,903)	(87,003)	17,584	(220,322)	
Net Position, Beginning	1,478,150	1,301,467	76,146	2,855,763	
Net Position, Ending	\$ 1,327,247	\$ 1,214,464	\$ 93,730	\$ 2,635,441	

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Water	Sewer	N	lonmajor Trash	Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities						 
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,194,832	\$ 397,293	\$	260,008	\$ 1,852,133
Cash Paid to Suppliers		(1,286,104)	(397,716)		(243,936)	(1,927,756)
Cash Paid to Employees		(83,054)	 (62,885)			 (145,939)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(174,326)	 (63,308)		16,072	(221,562)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related						
Financing Activities						
Connection Fees Received		-	197,164		-	197,164
Acquistion and Construction of Capital Assets		(260,776)	-		-	(260,776)
Debt Principal Payments		(42,764)	-		-	(42,764)
Debt Interest Payments		(16,326)	 			 (16,326)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related						
Financing Activities		(319,866)	197,164		_	(122,702)
Timenoning / totavitade		(010,000)	 107,101			 (122,102)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Investment Earnings Received		8,332	807		-	9,139
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	•	(485,860)	134,663		16,072	(335,125)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		1,207,890	123,278		70,969	1,402,137
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	722,030	\$ 257,941	\$	87,041	\$ 1,067,012
Reconciliation of Net Operating Income (Loss) to						
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities						
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(135,902)	\$ (284,974)	\$	17,584	\$ (403,292)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss)						
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		00.070	50.400			444.044
Depreciation		93,878	50,136		-	144,014
Changes in Assets and Liabilities Accounts Receivable		(91,009)	2,561		(1,874)	(90,322)
Accounts Receivable Accounts Payable		(42,310)	168,062		(1,674)	(90,322) 126,114
Compensated Absences Payable		1,017	907		302	1,924
Compensation / Modified in all all and in		1,017	 301			 1,027
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(174,326)	\$ (63,308)	\$	16,072	\$ (221,562)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Fund December 31, 2019

	Firemen's Pension	Firemen's Pension		
Assets		_		
Cash	\$ 136,348	8		
Investments				
U.S. Agency Securities	615,425	5		
Accounts Receivable	300	0_		
Total Assets	\$ 752,073	3		
Net Position				
Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 752,073	3		

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Firemen's Pension
Additions City Contributions State Contributions Investment Income	\$ 25,000 22,500 44,935
Total Additions	92,435
Deductions Pension Benefits Operating Expenses	61,958 11,200
Total Deductions	73,158
Change in Net Position	19,277
Net Position, Beginning	732,796
Net Position, Ending	\$ 752,073

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

# Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Edgewater (the City) adopted a home rule charter on June 24, 2008. The City is governed by a Mayor and seven-member council elected by the residents. The City provides the following services: public safety, public works, public improvements, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, municipal court, water, sewer, trash, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to government entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

### **Reporting Entity**

The financial reporting entity consists of the City, organizations for which the City is financially accountable, and organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the City. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate are part of the City. Legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity. Financial accountability exists if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and is able to impose its will on the organization, or if there is a potential for the organization to provide benefits to, or impose financial burdens on, the City.

Based on the application of these criteria, the City includes the following entity in its reporting entity.

The Edgewater Redevelopment Authority (the Authority) provides redevelopment within the City limits. The City Council approves appointments to the governing board of the Authority. Although the Authority is legally separate from the City, the Authority's primary revenue source, tax increment financing, can only be established by the City. The Authority is discretely presented in the financial statements and does not issue separate financial statements.

### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges for interfund services that are reasonably equivalent to the services provided. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from the legally separate *component unit* for which the City is financially accountable.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

# Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements** (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and trust fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collected within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current year. Taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and interest associated with the current year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current year. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

# Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation** (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific use, it is the City's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the fund financial statements, the City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund.

The *Open Space Fund* accounts for Jefferson County sales tax revenues that are shared with the City and restricted for open space and parks expenditures.

The *Capital Improvements Fund* accounts for the City's ongoing capital projects, which are financed primarily by General Fund transfers and debt proceeds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water Fund* accounts for the financial activities associated with the provision of water to City residents.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the financial activities associated with the provision of sewer services.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

The *Pension Trust Fund* accounts for the activities of the firemen's pension plan, which accumulates resources for benefits paid to qualified volunteer firefighters.

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balances

Cash Equivalents - Cash equivalents include investments with original maturities of three months or less. Investments in pooled cash are considered cash equivalents.

Receivables - All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

*Prepaid Expenses* - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future years, and are reported as prepaid expenses.

*Inventory* - Inventories are valued at cost, using the first-in, first-out method. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

# Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and water and sewer systems owned by the City, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date of donation. Infrastructure assets, which include streets, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems and trails, purchased or constructed prior to January 1, 2004, have not been reported in the financial statements.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings and Improvements	40 years
Equipment	5 - 15 years
Infrastructure	10 - 15 years
Water and Sewer Systems	35 years

Long-Term Debt - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statement of net position. Debt premiums, discounts, and losses resulting from debt refundings are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Debt issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the debt proceeds, are reported as current expenses or expenditures.

Compensated Absences - Employees of the City are allowed to accumulate unused vacation and sick time. Upon termination of employment from the City, an employee will be compensated for all accrued vacation time and, if the employee has completed 5 years of continuous service, will be compensated for 10% of accrued sick time at their final hourly rate. This percentage increases 2% per year of service, to a maximum of 40% of accrued sick time. Effective January 1, 2013, the sick time payout was frozen and no additional amounts accrue.

These compensated absences are expended when earned in the proprietary funds and when paid in the governmental funds. A liability for the accrued compensated absences has been reported in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

# Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Pensions - In November 2017, the City began participating in the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, and the Statewide Hybrid Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer combination defined benefit and money purchase pension plan. The plans are administered by the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA). The net pension asset (liability), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to and deductions from each plan's fiduciary net position have been determined using the accrual basis of accounting, the same basis of accounting used by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Employer contributions are recognized in the year the contributions are due.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - The City contributes to the Statewide Death & Disability Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit death and disability plan administered by the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA). The plan is funded by member contributions or contributions made on behalf of members. The City has no requirement to contribute to the plan and does not receive contributions from a nonemployer entity. Therefore, the City does not report a net OPEB liability, or deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

Net Position/Fund Balances - In the government-wide and fund financial statements, net position and fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are externally imposed. As reported in the governmental fund financial statements, the City Council establishes a fund balance commitment through passage of an ordinance, and is authorized to informally assign amounts to a specific purpose.

The City has not established a formal policy for its use of restricted and unrestricted fund balances. However, if both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for a specific purpose, the City uses restricted fund balance first, followed by committed, assigned, and unassigned balances.

### Note 2: Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at December 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

Petty Cash	\$ 1,281
Cash Deposits	3,181,969
Investments	10,632,339
Cash Held by Third Party	128,121
Total	\$ 13,943,710

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Cash and investments are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Cash and Investments	\$ 11,837,239
Restricted Cash and Investments	128,121
Pension Trust Fund Cash and Investments	751,773
Component Unit Cash and Investments	1,226,577_
Total	\$ 13,943,710

### **Cash Deposits**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires all local government entities to deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by State regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. At December 31, 2019, the City had bank deposits of \$2,495,912 collateralized with securities held by the financial institutions' agent but not in the City's name.

### Investments

The City is required to comply with State statutes which specify investment instruments meeting defined rating, maturity and concentration risk criteria in which local governments may invest, which include the following. State statutes do not address custodial risk. State statutes do not apply to public funds held or invested as part of a pension plan.

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

The City had the following investments at December 31, 2019:

	S&P	Investment Maturities (in years)							
Investment Type	Rating	Less than 1	Less than 1 1 - 5		Mc	ore than 5	Total		
Local Government Investment Pools U.S. Agency Securities	AAAm NA	\$ 10,016,914 6	\$	- 15,903	\$	- 599,516	\$ 10,016,914 615,425		
Total		\$ 10,016,920	\$	15,903	\$	599,516	\$ 10,632,339		

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

# Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

### **Investments** (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements - The City reports its investments using the fair value measurements established by generally accepted accounting principles. As such, a fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs used to measure the fair value of the investments into three levels. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical investments; Level 2 inputs include quoted prices in active markets for similar investments, or other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs. At December 31, 2019, the City's investments in U.S. Agency securities were measured utilizing quoted prices in active markets for similar investments (Level 2 inputs). The City's investments in the local government investment pools were measured at the net asset value per share.

Interest Rate Risk - State statutes generally limit investment securities to an original maturity of five years unless the governing board authorizes the investment for a period in excess of five years.

*Credit Risk* - State statutes limit certain investments to those with specified ratings from nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, depending on the type of investment.

Concentration of Credit Risk - State statutes do not limit the amount the City may invest in a single issuer of investment securities, except for corporate securities. The Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) securities are held by the Firemen's Pension Plan, and represent 6% of total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - At December 31, 2019, the City's investments in U.S. Agency securities were held by the counterparty (broker), but not in the City's name.

Local Government Investment Pools - At December 31, 2019, the City had invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust) and the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE). The pools are investment vehicles established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The Colorado Division of Securities administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating the pools. The pools operate in conformity with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a-7. The pools are measured at the net asset value per share, with each share valued at \$1. The pools are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Investments of the pools are limited to those allowed by State statutes. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the participating governments.

## **Restricted Cash and Investments**

At December 31, 2019, cash and investments of \$128,121, representing lease proceeds restricted for capital projects, were reported in the Capital Improvements Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, is summarized below.

	Balance 12/31/18	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/19
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 228,088	\$ 2,502,040	\$ -	\$ 2,730,128
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	228,088	2,502,040	<u> </u>	2,730,128
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	13,665,653	-	(172,881)	13,492,772
Equipment	1,514,251	134,456	-	1,648,707
Infrastructure	3,835,425	489,946	(470,004)	4,325,371
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	19,015,329	624,402	(172,881)	19,466,850
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	(471,282)	(341,458)	148,541	(664,199)
Equipment	(872,536)	(151,957)	140,041	(1,024,493)
Infrastructure	(924,859)	(238,873)	<u>-</u>	(1,163,732)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,268,677)	(732,288)	148,541	(2,852,424)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,200,011)	(732,200)	140,041	(2,002,424)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	16,746,652	(107,886)	(24,340)	16,614,426
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 16,974,740	\$ 2,394,154	\$ (24,340)	\$ 19,344,554
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Water System	\$ 2,443,232	\$ 260,776	\$ (24,978)	\$ 2,679,030
Sewer System	1,525,031	-	-	1,525,031
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	3,968,263	260,776	(24,978)	4,204,061
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Water System	(1,301,393)	(93,878)	17,681	(1,377,590)
Sewer System	(380,393)	(50,136)		(430,529)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,681,786)	(144,014)	17,681	(1,808,119)
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,286,477	\$ 116,762	\$ (7,297)	\$ 2,395,942
Component Unit				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 134,000	\$ -	¢	\$ 134,000
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	134,000	Ψ -	<u>\$ -</u>	134,000
Total Capital Assets, Not being Depreciated	104,000			104,000
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	39,987	49,000	(39,987)	49,000
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(18,661)	(7,565)	21,326	(4,900)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	21,326	41,435	(18,661)	44,100
The supplies to the supplies and supplies an		,	(10,001)	,
Component Unit Capital Assets, Net	\$ 155,326	\$ 41,435	\$ (18,661)	\$ 178,100

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

# Note 3: Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the City as follows:

### **Governmental Activities**

General Government	\$ 366,041
Public Safety	70,708
Public Works	264,554
Parks and Recreation	30,985
	_
Total	\$ 732,288

# Note 4: Long-Term Debt

### **Governmental Activities**

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2019.

		Balance 12/31/18	Additions		P	ayments	Balance 12/31/19		ue Within Ine Year
Governmental Activities									
2012 Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$	720,000	\$	-	\$	350,000	\$ 370,000	\$	370,000
Premium		22,641		-		11,321	11,320		-
2017 Capital Lease		9,700,000		-		300,000	9,400,000		375,000
Compensated Absences		138,577		-		32,977	105,600		23,232
					-				
Total Governmental Activities	\$ ^	10,581,218	\$	_	\$	694,298	\$ 9,886,920	\$	768,232

## Sales and Use Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds

\$2,790,000 Sales and Use Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, were issued to refund the outstanding General Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2001, originally issued to refund a portion of the Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds (Edgewater Redevelopment Project), Series 1999, originally issued by the Authority. Interest payments are payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, with interest accruing at rates ranging from 2% to 3% per annuum. Principal payments are due annually on December 1, through 2020. These bonds are payable solely from the City's 3.5% sales and use tax. During the year ended December 31, 2019, revenues of \$6,285,366 were available to pay annual debt service of \$368,000. Future debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal Ir			terest	 Total	
2020	\$	370,000	\$	9,250	\$ 379,250	

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 4: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### **Governmental Activities** (Continued)

#### Capital Lease

During 2017, the City entered into a capital lease in the amount of \$9,900,000 to finance the construction of a new City Hall and recreation center. The lease agreement requires annual principal payments beginning on December 1, 2018, through 2032. Interest accrues at 2.85% per annum and is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on June 1, 2018. Building costs of \$12,904,700, net of depreciation of \$349,503, have been reported for this project.

Capital lease payments, to maturity, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal		Interest		 Total
2020	\$	375,000	\$	267,900	\$ 642,900
2021		495,000		257,213	752,213
2022		510,000		243,105	753,105
2023		575,000		228,570	803,570
2024		645,000		212,182	857,182
2025-2029		4,035,000		748,553	4,783,553
2030-2032		2,765,000		159,172	2,924,172
		_			
Total	\$	9,400,000	\$	2,116,695	\$ 11,516,695

Compensated absences are expected to be liquidated primarily with revenues of the General Fund.

#### **Business-type Activities**

A summary of long-term debt transactions of the business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2019, follows.

	-	Balance 12/31/18	Ac	lditions	Pa	ayments	Balance 12/31/19	 ie Within ne Year
Business-type Activities Water Loan Compensated Absences	\$	826,955 2.857	\$	- 1.924	\$	42,764	\$ 784,191 4.781	\$ 43,623 1,052
Total Business-type Activities	\$	829,812	\$	1,924	\$	42,764	\$ 788,972	\$ 44,675

In January 2015, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (CWRPDA). Loan proceeds were used for improvements to the water system. In October 2016, unused loan proceeds were used to pay down the loan balance and the agreement was modified. Semi-annual payments of \$29,545, including principal and interest accruing at 2% per annum, are due on May 1 and November 1, through May 1, 2035.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 4: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### **Business-type Activities** (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2020	\$	43,623	\$	15,467	\$	59,090
2021		44,500		14,590		59,090
2022		45,394		13,696		59,090
2023		46,307		12,783		59,090
2024		47,238		11,852		59,090
2025-2029		250,818		44,632		295,450
2030-2034		277,059		18,391		295,450
2035		29,252		293		29,545
Total	\$	784,191	\$	131,704	\$	915,895

#### Note 5: Interfund Transactions

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the General Fund transferred \$1,400,000 and \$200,000 to the Capital Improvements and Capital Equipment Funds, respectively, for capital projects and equipment purchases.

#### Note 6: Risk Management

#### **Public Entity Risk Pool**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For these risks of loss, the City participates in the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA), a separate and independent governmental and legal entity formed by intergovernmental agreement by member municipalities pursuant to the provisions of 24-10-115.5, Colorado Revised Statutes and the Colorado Constitution, Article XIV, Section 18(2).

The purposes of CIRSA are to provide members defined liability, property, and workers compensation coverages and to assist members in preventing and reducing losses and injuries to municipal property and to persons or property which might result in claims being made against members of CIRSA, their employees and officers.

It is the intent of the members of CIRSA to create an entity in perpetuity which will administer and use funds contributed by the members to defend and indemnify, in accordance with the bylaws, any member of CIRSA against stated liability of loss, to the limit of the financial resources of CIRSA. It is also the intent of the members to have CIRSA provide continuing stability and availability of needed coverages at reasonable costs. All income and assets of CIRSA shall be at all times dedicated to the exclusive benefit of its members.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 7: Retirement Commitments

#### **Employee Pension Plan**

The City contributes to a multiple-employer defined contribution retirement plan on behalf of City employees. All regular full-time employees are eligible to participate in the Plan with the exclusion of sworn police officers. The plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council. The City is required to contribute 4% of each participating employee's compensation, and each participating employee must contribute 4%. After one year of service, employees may contribute an additional 2% of compensation which the City will match. Employees may make additional voluntary contributions according to various plan documents. Employees fully vest in the City's contributions at a rate of 20% for each full twelve months of participation.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the City contributed \$57,549 to the Plan, equal to the required contributions. The Plan is administered by the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association (CCOERA).

#### **Police Pension Plans**

#### **General Information**

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (the SWDB Plan), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, and the Statewide Hybrid Plan (the SWH Plan), a cost-sharing multiple-employer combination defined benefit and money purchase pension plan. The plans are administered by the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA).

The City's police officers began participating in the plans on November 4, 2017. Upon entering the plans, each police officer could elect to participate in either plan. Police officers hired subsequently must participate in the SWDB Plan on the first day of employment.

Title 31, Article 31 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) grants the authority to establish and amend benefit terms to the FPPA Board of Directors. FPPA issues a publicly available financial report that includes information on the plans. That report may be obtained at <a href="https://www.fppaco.org">www.fppaco.org</a>.

Benefits Provided - A SWDB Plan member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty-five years of credited service and has attained the age of 55. The annual normal retirement benefit is 2% of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to 10 years, plus 2.5% for each year of service thereafter. Benefits paid to retirees are evaluated and may be re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the FPPA Board of Director's discretion and can range from zero to the higher of 3% or the Consumer Price Index.

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 with at least five years of service, or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5% interest, returned as a lump sum distribution.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 7: Retirement Commitments (Continued)

#### Police Pension Plans (Continued)

Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the SWDB Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2% of the member's average highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5% for each year of service thereafter.

A SWH Plan member is eligible for a normal retirement pension at any time after age 55, if the member has at least twenty-five years of service. The annual normal retirement benefit of the defined benefit component is 1.5% of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service. Benefits paid to retirees of the defined benefit component are evaluated and may be re-determined annually on October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the FPPA Board of Director's discretion and can range from zero to 3%.

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 with at least five years of service, or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5% interest, returned as a lump sum distribution from the defined benefit component. Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the defined benefit component and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 1.5% of the member's average highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service. In addition, upon termination the vested account balance in the money purchase component becomes available to the member.

Plan members may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) after reaching eligibility for normal retirement (25 years of service and age 55), early retirement (30 years of service and age 50), or vested retirement (5 years of service and age 55). A member can continue to work while participating in the DROP, but must terminate employment within five years of entry into the DROP. The member's percentage of retirement benefits is determined at the time of entry into the DROP. The monthly payments that begin at entry into the DROP are accumulated in a DROP account until the member terminates service, at which time the DROP accumulated benefits can be paid as periodic installments, a lump sum, or if desired, a member may elect to convert the DROP to a lifetime monthly benefit with survivor benefits. While participating in the DROP, the member continues to make pension contributions that are credited to the DROP. Each member shall self-direct the investments in their DROP account, which are held by a custodian and not included in the plans' net position.

Contributions - The City and eligible employees hired after November 4, 2017, are required to contribute to the SWDB Plan at rates established by State statutes. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by the State Legislature. Employee contribution rates can be amended by the State Legislature or by election of the membership. The City and eligible employees contributed 8% and 10.5% of base salary, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2019. SWDB Plan members elected to increase the employee contribution rate 0.5% annually from 2015 through 2022, to a total of 12% of base salary. Employer contributions will remain at 8% of base salary.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 7: Retirement Commitments (Continued)

#### Police Pension Plans (Continued)

Contributions from the City and employees entering the SWDB Plan on November 4, 2017 (the reentry group), are established by resolution of the FPPA Board of Directors. All reentry groups had a combined contribution rate of 22% of base salary for the year ended December 31, 2018. Employee contributions may not be less than 8% with the split of contributions between employees and the City determined by the City Council. The City and eligible employees contributed 11% and 11.5% of base salary, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2019. In accordance with the aforementioned election, the reentry group contributions will increase 0.5% percent annually from 2015 through 2022, to a total of 24% of base salary.

The City's contributions to the SWDB Plan for the year ended December 31, 2019, were \$114,867, equal to the required contributions.

The City and eligible employees are required to contribute to the SWH Plan at rates established by City Council. However, the amount allocated to the defined benefit component is set annually by the FPPA Board of Directors, which currently must be at least 8% of base salary for the employee and the employer. Excess contributions are deposited to the money purchase component of the SWH Plan. The defined benefit component allocation from July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019, was 13.4%. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City Council established the contribution rate split at 11% of base salary for both the City and employees.

Within the money purchase component, members are always fully vested in their contributions, as well as the earnings on those contributions. Vesting in the City's contributions within the money purchase component and earnings on those contributions is 20% per year after the first year of service, with 100% vesting after five years of service. Unvested City contributions and earnings thereon are forfeited upon termination of employment. Such forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the SWH Plan's administrative expenses. Any administrative expenses not covered by forfeitures are charged directly to member accounts.

An employee may elect to make voluntary after-tax contributions to the money purchase component of the SWH Plan. All contributions to the money purchase component are invested at the discretion of the member.

The City's contributions to the SWH Plan for the year ended December 31, 2019, were \$7,452, equal to the required contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 7: Retirement Commitments (Continued)

#### Police Pension Plans (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2019, the City reported a net pension asset (liability) of (\$252,220) and \$57,179, representing its proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) of the SWDB and SWH Plans, respectively. The net pension asset (liability) was measured at December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset (liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension asset (liability) was based on a projection of the City's contributions to the plans for the calendar year ended December 31, 2018, relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers.

At December 31, 2019, the City's proportion of the SWDB Plan was 0.19949772%, which was a decrease of 0.00637107% from its proportion measured at December 31, 2018. The City's proportion of the SWH Plan was 0.41423560%, which was a decrease of 0.00544278% from its proportion measured at December 31, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized pension expense for the SWDB and SWH Plans of \$107,149 and \$11,540, respectively. At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

5	Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	eferred flows of esources
Statewide Defined Benefit Plan	•	0.40.077	•	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	240,877	\$	-
Changes of assumptions  Net difference between projected and actual		182,993		-
earnings on plan investments		109,127		-
Changes in proportion		43,431		11,043
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		114,867		
Total	\$	691,295	\$	11,043
Statewide Hybrid Plan				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	19,475	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		5,746		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		7,140		-
Changes in proportion		26,154		1,059
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		7,452		<u> </u>
Total	\$	65,967	\$	1,059
Total	\$	757,262	\$	12,102

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 7: Retirement Commitments (Continued)

#### Police Pension Plans (Continued)

City contributions to the SWDB and SWH Plans subsequent to the measurement date of \$114,867 and \$7,452, respectively, will be recognized as an increase or decrease to the net pension asset (liability) in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows.

Year Ended December 31,	SWDB Plan		SWH Plan	
2020	\$	81,390	\$	13,304
2021		81,390		13,304
2022		139,092		16,466
2023		64,248		11,978
2024		64,248		2,788
Thereafter		135,017		(384)
Total	\$	565,385	\$	57,456

Actuarial Assumptions - The actuarial valuations as of January 1, 2019, determined the total pension liability using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.5%
Projected salary increases, including inflation	4.25% - 11.25%
Investment rate of return, net of plan investment	
expenses, including inflation	7.0%
Cost of living adjustments (COLA)	0.0%

Mortality rates for active members were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Blue Collar Employees projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and using a 50% multiplier for off-duty mortality. The RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Blue Collar Employees were used in the projection of post-retirement benefits for members under age 55. For post-retirement members ages 65 and older, the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Blue Collar Healthy Annuitants were used. For post-retirement members ages 55 through 64, a blend of the previous tables was used. All tables were projected with Scale BB.

The current actuarial methods and assumptions were approved by the FPPA Board of Directors in July 2018, for first use in the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019, based upon the actuary's analysis and recommendations.

Based on an actuarial experience study, the FPPA Board of Directors approved a reduction in the assumed investment rate of return from 7.5% to 7.0% effective January 1, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 7: Retirement Commitments (Continued)

#### Police Pension Plans (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term		
	Target	Expected Real		
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return		
Global Equity	37%	8.03%		
Equity Long/Short	9%	6.45%		
Private Markets	24%	10.00%		
Fixed Income	15%	2.90%		
Absolute Return	9%	5.08%		
Managed Futures	4%	5.35%		
Cash	2%	2.52%		
Total	100%			

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates in the FPPA Board of Director's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under State statutes. Based on this assumption, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate at the prior measurement date was 7.5%.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) calculated using the discount rate of 7%, as well as the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6%) or one percentage point higher (8%) than the current rate, as follows:

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	[	Discount	1%	Increase
		(6%)	F	Rate (7%)		(8%)
Proportionate share of the SWDB net pension asset (liability)	\$	(978,078)	\$	(252,220)	\$	349,867
Proportionate share of the SWH net pension asset	\$	28,037	\$	57,179	\$	81,609

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 7: Retirement Commitments (Continued)

#### Police Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's separately issued financial report, which may be obtained at <a href="https://www.fppaco.org">www.fppaco.org</a>.

#### Firemen's Pension Plan

Effective January 1, 2013, the City's fire protection services were merged with the Wheat Ridge Fire Protection District, which subsequently merged with the West Metro Fire Protection District. As such, the City no longer employs either paid or volunteer firefighters. However, individuals who previously served the City as volunteer firefighters may be eligible to participate in the Firemen's Pension Plan.

#### General Information

Plan Description - The City has established a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for volunteer firefighters as authorized by State of Colorado statutes. The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees composed of the Mayor, the City's Finance Director, and three other members appointed by City Council in accordance with State statutes. This Board of Trustees also establishes and is allowed to amend contribution requirements of the City. The Plan does not publish a separate stand-alone report, but is reported in these financial statements as a Pension Trust Fund.

Plan Membership - At December 31, 2019, plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	20
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Total	21

Benefits Provided - Any firefighter who has both attained the age of fifty and completed twenty years of active service shall be eligible for a monthly pension of \$300. Surviving spouses receive a monthly benefit of \$150.

Contributions - As established by State statutes, the plan may receive contributions from the City in an amount not to exceed one-half mill of property tax revenue. The State of Colorado contributes 90% of the City's contribution. Plan members are not required to contribute to the plan. The contributions are not actuarially determined. An actuary is used to determine the adequacy of contributions. The actuarial study as of January 1, 2019, indicated that the current level of contributions to the plan are adequate to support on an actuarially sound basis the prospective benefits, including administrative costs, for the present plan. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City and State contributed \$25,000 and \$22,500, respectively, to the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 7: Retirement Commitments (Continued)

#### Firemen's Pension Plan (Continued)

#### <u>Investments</u>

*Investment Policy* - The Board of Trustees has the authority to establish an investment policy for the plan, but has not done so. City management currently makes all investment decisions.

Rate of Return - For the year ended December 31, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense, was 6.18%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

At December 31, 2019, the City reported a net pension liability of \$55,671. The net pension liability was measured at December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Investment Rate of Return - 3.5%, net of investment expenses, including inflation Inflation - 2.5%

Salary Increases - Not Applicable

Mortality - RR 2014 Mortality Table, with fully generational mortality improvement, using Sec

Mortality - RP-2014 Mortality Table, with fully generational mortality improvement, using Scale MP-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the plan's target asset allocation at December 31, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
Target	Expected
Allocation	Rate of Return
90%	3.75%
10%	2.50%
100%	
	Allocation 90% 10%

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 7: Retirement Commitments (Continued)

#### Firemen's Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to follow the current funding practice. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments of 3.5% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, changes in the net pension liability of the City were as follows.

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Tota	al Pension	Plar	n Fiduciary	Ne	et Pension	
	L	iability	Ne	t Position	Liability		
		(a) (b)		(a) - (b)			
Balances, Beginning	\$	841,339	\$	732,796	\$	(108,543)	
Interest		28,363		-		(28,363)	
Benefit Payments		(61,958)		(61,958)		-	
City Contributions		-		25,000		25,000	
State Contributions		-		22,500		22,500	
Net Investment Income		-		44,935		44,935	
Administrative Expenses				(11,200)	-	(11,200)	
Balances, Ending	\$	807,744	\$	752,073	\$	(55,671)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the net pension liability of the City at December 31, 2019, calculated using the discount rate of 3.5%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.5%) or one percentage point higher (4.5%) than the current rate, as follows:

	1% Decrease (2.5%)		D	iscount te (3.5%)	1% Increase (4.5%)		
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	144,985	\$	55,671	\$	(18,601)	

# <u>Pension Expense</u>, <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>, <u>and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of (\$5,372). Since the plan consists of only retired participants, differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are recorded as pension expense immediately. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments was recorded in pension expense. Because the difference was not significant, it will not be recognized as pension expense over multiple years.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 8: Other Postemployment Benefits

#### Statewide Death & Disability Plan

#### **General Information**

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Statewide Death & Disability Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit death and disability plan administered by the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA). All police officers are members of the plan. Contributions to the plan are used solely for the payment of death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by State statutes and generally allow for benefits upon the death or disability of a plan member prior to retirement. FPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained at <a href="https://www.fppaco.org">www.fppaco.org</a>.

Benefits Provided - The plan provides pre-retirement death benefits, as follows:

- Off-duty: 40% of the base salary paid to the member prior to death, with an additional 10% of base salary if a surviving spouse has two or more dependent children.
- On-duty: 70% of the base salary paid to the member prior to death.

#### Disability benefits are as follows:

- Total disability: 70% of the base salary preceding disability.
- Permanent occupational disability: 50% of the base salary preceding disability.
- Temporary occupational disability: 40% of the base salary preceding disability for up to 5 years.

Benefit adjustments are granted periodically at the discretion of the FPPA Board of Directors. Total disability retirees receive an automatic increase of 3%. For other annuitants, the increase may reflect CPI, but in no case may be higher than 3%.

Once a member is eligible to retire, all plan benefit obligations cease.

Contributions - The contribution requirements are established by State statutes. However, in accordance with Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) 31-31-811(4), the FPPA Board of Directors, based on an annual actuarial valuation, may adjust the contribution rate every two years, but in no event may the adjustment for any two-year period exceed one-tenth of one percent of the member's salary.

Any decision regarding whether the employer or member contribute to the plan, or whether the contribution is paid jointly by the employer and the member, is determined by the City Council.

No contributions are required for members hired prior to January 1, 1997. For members hired on or after January 1, 1997, the City contributed 2.8% of base salaries on behalf of the members during the year ended December 31, 2019. Contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2019, were \$29,612, equal to the required contributions.

Based on the 2018 actuarial results, the FPPA Board of Directors agreed to increase the contribution rate from 2.7% to 2.8% effective January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### Note 8: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Statewide Death & Disability Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The City has no requirement to contribute to the plan and does not receive contributions from a nonemployer entity. Therefore, the City does not report a net OPEB liability, or deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

*OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position* - Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's separately issued financial report, which may be obtained at <a href="https://www.fppaco.org">www.fppaco.org</a>.

#### Note 9: Commitments and Contingencies

#### Litigation

The City is involved in various threatened or pending litigation. The outcome of this litigation cannot be determined at this time.

#### **Enhanced Sales Tax Incentive Program**

The City has entered into various agreements to increase economic development within City limits.

In 2005, the City agreed to rebate a portion of the sales taxes generated by Target. The agreement terminates at the earlier of September 30, 2027, or upon reaching the cumulative maximum rebate amount of \$10,890,767. During the year ended December 31, 2019, Target earned \$667,080 under this agreement. Payments since inception totaled \$5,898,169 at December 31, 2019.

In 2007, the City entered into an agreement with Sloans Lake Partners LLC, the owner and developer of the Edgewater Marketplace. The agreement requires the City to rebate certain sales taxes generated by the Edgewater Marketplace as reimbursement for infrastructure constructed at the Edgewater Marketplace. The agreement terminates at the earlier of May 31, 2020, or upon reaching the cumulative maximum rebate amount of \$1,384,993. During the year ended December 31, 2019, Sloans Lake Partners LLC earned \$202,803 under this agreement. Payments since inception totaled \$1,332,974 at December 31, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2019

#### **Note 9: Commitments and Contingencies** (Continued)

#### **Tabor Amendment**

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of the State and local governments.

On June 24, 2008, voters within the City authorized the City to collect, retain and expend all of the sales and use tax revenues and all revenues generated by the City, subject only to those limitations previously approved by the voters, notwithstanding any limitation contained in the Amendment or any other law. The City's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of the Amendment. However, the Amendment is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions may require judicial interpretation.

In accordance with the Amendment, the City has established an emergency reserve representing 3% of qualifying expenditures. At December 31, 2019, the reserve was reported as restricted fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$278,500.



# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) and Contributions

# Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado Statewide Defined Benefit Plan December 31, 2019

		12/31/18	12/31/17		
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) City's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	C	).19949772%	0	.20586880%	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$	(252,220)	\$	296,175	
City's Covered Payroll	\$	1,019,723	\$	109,778	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		(25%)		270%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		95%		106%	
		12/31/19		12/31/18	
City Contributions Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	114,867	\$	106,908	
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution		114,867		106,908	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	_	
City's Covered Payroll	\$	1,119,549	\$	1,019,723	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		10.26%		10.48%	

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. Until information for the full 10-year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is available.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)
and Contributions

# Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado Statewide Hybrid Plan December 31, 2019

Proposition of the Net Proping Asset (Link 1941)		2/31/18	12/31/17		
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) City's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	0.4	1423560%	0.4	1967838%	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$	57,179	\$	82,059	
City's Covered Payroll	\$	60,019	\$	6,730	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		95%		1219%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		123%		139%	
	12	2/31/19	1:	2/31/18	
City Contributions Statutorily Required Contribution	12 \$	2/31/19 7,452	\$	2/31/18 6,602	
•					
Statutorily Required Contribution  Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily		7,452		6,602	
Statutorily Required Contribution  Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution		7,452		6,602	

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. Until information for the full 10-year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is available.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Contributions Firemen's Pension Plan December 31, 2019

		2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Total Pension Liability							
Interest	\$	28,363	\$ 30,592	\$ 31,806	\$ 41,683	\$ 43,009	\$ 50,939
Differences Between Expected and			(00 504)		(40.050)		(440.000)
Actual Experience		-	(30,521)	-	(13,652)	-	(119,098)
Changes of Assumptions		- -	- 	<u>-</u>	115,019		115,136
Benefit Payments		(61,958)	 (65,558)	 (67,435)	 (68,490)	 (70,590)	 (74,790)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(33,595)	(65,487)	(35,629)	74,560	(27,581)	(27,813)
Total Pension Liability, Beginning		841,339	 906,826	 942,455	 867,895	 895,476	 923,289
Total Pension Liability, Ending	\$	807,744	\$ 841,339	\$ 906,826	\$ 942,455	\$ 867,895	\$ 895,476
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Employer Contributions	\$	25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000
State of Colorado Contributions		22,500	22,500	22,500	19,535	19,536	18,658
Net Investment Income		44,935	7,590	24,885	949	23,271	20,378
Benefit Payments		(61,958)	(65,558)	(67,435)	(68,490)	(70,590)	(74,790)
Administrative Expenses		(11,200)	 	 	 	 (4,200)	 
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		19,277	(10,468)	4,950	(23,006)	(6,983)	(10,754)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning		732,796	 743,264	 738,314	 761,320	 768,303	 779,057
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending	\$	752,073	\$ 732,796	\$ 743,264	\$ 738,314	\$ 761,320	\$ 768,303
City's Net Pension Asset (Liability)	\$	(55,671)	\$ (108,543)	\$ (163,562)	\$ (204,141)	\$ (106,575)	\$ (127,173)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	:	93%	87%	82%	78%	88%	86%
Investment Returns							
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense		6.18%	1.03%	4.05%	0.13%	2.54%	2.69%
City Contributions							
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarilly Determined Contribution		(25,000)	 (25,000)	 (25,000)	 (25,000)	 (25,000)	 (25,000)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. Until information for the full 10-year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is available.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

Parameter	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Investment Income Miscellaneous	\$ 6,315,407 450,000 601,000 700,693 50,000 100,000 60,000	\$ 6,521,407 450,000 601,000 700,693 50,000 100,000 60,000	\$ 6,540,925 309,674 580,964 743,654 73,438 68,135 22,810	\$ 19,518 (140,326) (20,036) 42,961 23,438 (31,865) (37,190)
Total Revenues	8,277,100	8,483,100	8,339,600	(143,500)
Expenditures General Government Public Safety Public Works Parks and Recreation Debt Service Principal Interest and Fiscal Charges  Total Expenditures  Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,779,296 2,315,869 836,313 360,821 380,000 	2,894,296 2,315,869 927,313 360,821 380,000 - 6,878,299	2,762,557 2,265,453 915,094 360,759 350,000 18,000 6,671,863	131,739 50,416 12,219 62 30,000 (18,000) 206,436
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	(1,600,000)	(1,600,000)	(1,600,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,801	4,801	67,737	62,936
Fund Balance, Beginning	6,906,198	6,906,198	5,061,027	(1,845,171)
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 6,910,999	\$ 6,910,999	\$ 5,128,764	\$ (1,782,235)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Open Space Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

Original					Variance		
				Positive			
Budget Actual			(Negative)				
_		_		_			
\$	175,000	\$	185,024	\$	10,024		
	7,000		8,957		1,957		
	100.000		102.001		11.001		
	102,000		193,961		11,981		
	181,300		177,946		3,354		
	181,300		177,946		3,354		
	700		16.035		15,335		
			.,		-,		
	764,983		783,875		18,892		
\$	765,683	\$	799,910	\$	34,227		
	a	and Final Budget  \$ 175,000 7,000  182,000  181,300  181,300  700  764,983	and Final Budget  \$ 175,000 \$ 7,000  182,000  181,300  181,300  700  764,983	and Final Budget       Actual         \$ 175,000 7,000       \$ 185,024 8,957         182,000       193,981         181,300       177,946         181,300       177,946         700       16,035         764,983       783,875	and Final Budget Actual (No. 175,000 \$ 185,024 \$ 7,000 \$ 182,000 193,981		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information
December 31, 2019

#### Note 1: Firemen's Pension Plan

#### **Contributions**

The City and the State of Colorado made contributions of \$25,000 and \$22,500, respectively, to the Firemen's Pension Plan during the year ended December 31, 2019. The plan members consist only of volunteer firefighters and, therefore, employee payroll information is not applicable.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Significant actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine the contribution rates for the Firemen's Pension Plan are as follows:

Valuation Date January 1, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level annual payments

Remaining Amortization Period 20 years
Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

Investment Return 3.5%, net of investment expenses, compounded annually

Inflation Rate 2.5%
Retirement Age 50 Years

Mortality RP-2014 Mortality Table, with fully generational mortality

improvement, using Scale MP-2018

#### Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Budgets are legally adopted for all funds of the City, except the pension trust fund. Budgets are presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for the enterprise funds which budget using a non-GAAP basis, whereby capital outlay is budgeted as an expenditure but depreciation is not budgeted.

The City follows these procedures to establish the budgetary information reflected in the financial statements:

- Management submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- City management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- All appropriations lapse at year end.

Budgets for the Edgewater Redevelopment Authority are adopted by the Authority's governing board.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

	Co	Conservation Trust		Capital Equipment		Totals
Assets Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable		197,701 -	\$	101,317	\$	299,018
Total Assets	\$	197,701	\$	101,317	\$	299,018
Liabilities Accounts Payable	_\$_	2,745	\$	17,359	\$	20,104
Total Liabilities		2,745		17,359		20,104
Fund Balances Restricted for Parks and Open Space Assigned to Capital Outlay		194,956 -		- 83,958		194,956 83,958
Total Fund Balances		194,956		83,958		278,914
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	197,701	\$	101,317	\$	299,018

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Conservation Trust	Capital Equipment	Totals
Revenues	Trust	Ечаритент	Totals
Intergovernmental	\$ 61,164	\$ -	\$ 61,164
Investment Income	2,285	1,173	3,458
Total Revenues	63,449	1,173	64,622
Expenditures			
General Government	-	46,111	46,111
Public Safety	-	139,651	139,651
Public Works	-	47,440	47,440
Parks and Recreation	47,155	<u> </u>	47,155
Total Expenditures	47,155	233,202	280,357
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	16,294	(232,029)	(215,735)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		200,000	200,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	16,294	(32,029)	(15,735)
Fund Balances, Beginning	178,662	115,987	294,649
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 194,956	\$ 83,958	\$ 278,914

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Conservation Trust Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

	a a	Variance Positive			
Revenues		Budget	 Actual	(Negative)	
Intergovernmental Investment Income Miscellaneous	\$	128,000 - 35,000	\$ 61,164 2,285	\$	(66,836) 2,285 (35,000)
Total Revenues		163,000	63,449		(99,551)
Expenditures Parks and Recreation		157,500	47,155		110,345
Total Expenditures		157,500	47,155		110,345
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,500	16,294		10,794
Fund Balance, Beginning		49,758	 178,662		128,904
Fund Balance, Ending	_\$	55,258	\$ 194,956	\$	139,698

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Equipment Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

	an	Original and Final Budget			Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Investment Income	\$	_	\$	1,173	\$	1,173
Total Revenues				1,173		1,173
Expenditures General Government Public Safety Public Works		42,400 130,000 80,000		46,111 139,651 47,440		(3,711) (9,651) 32,560
Total Expenditures		252,400		233,202		19,198
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(252,400)		(232,029)		20,371
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		200,000		200,000		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		(52,400)		(32,029)		20,371
Fund Balance, Beginning		115,378		115,987		609
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	62,978	\$	83,958	\$	20,980

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Improvements Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000
Investment Income	-	47,480	47,480
Miscellaneous	1,250,000	4,485	(1,245,515)
Total Revenues	1,250,000	56,965	(1,193,035)
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay	3,870,000	3,180,129	689,871
Debt Service			
Principal	576,450	300,000	276,450
Interest and Fiscal Charges		272,862	(272,862)
Total Expenditures	4,446,450	3,752,991	693,459
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	(3,196,450)	(3,696,026)	(499,576)
Other Financing Sources			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	550,000	547,638	(2,362)
Transfers In	1,400,000	1,400,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1 050 000	1 047 629	(2,362)
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	1,950,000	1,947,638	(2,302)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,246,450)	(1,748,388)	(501,938)
Fund Balance, Beginning	4,104,017	5,407,510	1,303,493
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 2,857,567	\$ 3,659,122	\$ 801,555

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Water Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

P	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Charges for Services Investment Income Miscellaneous	\$ 1,409,728 5,000 5,000	\$ 1,409,728 5,000 5,000	\$ 1,282,250 8,332 3,591	\$ (127,478) 3,332 (1,409)		
Total Revenues	1,419,728	1,419,728	1,294,173	(125,555)		
Expenditures Service Operating Expenses Capital Outlay Debt Service Total Expenditures	1,254,100 171,000 72,000 1,497,100	1,254,100 571,000 72,000 1,897,100	1,327,865 260,776 58,800 1,647,441	(73,765) 310,224 13,200 249,659		
Change in Net Position, Budgetary Basis	\$ (77,372)	\$ (477,372)	(353,268)	\$ 124,104		
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Depreciation Capital Outlay Loss on Asset Disposal Debt Principal	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	· ,	(93,878) 260,776 (7,297) 42,764			
Change in Net Position, GAAP Basis			\$ (150,903)			

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Sewer Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual		F	ariance Positive legative)
Revenues Charges for Services Investment Income Connection Fees	\$	450,009 2,400 36,000	\$ 450,009 2,400 181,000	\$	394,732 807 197,164	\$	(55,277) (1,593) 16,164
Total Revenues		488,409	 633,409		592,703		(40,706)
Expenditures Service Operating Expenses		487,220	 632,220		629,570		2,650
Total Expenditures	<u></u>	487,220	 632,220		629,570		2,650
Change in Net Position, Budgetary Basis	\$	1,189	\$ 1,189		(36,867)	\$	(38,056)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Depreciation					(50,136)		
Change in Net Position, GAAP Basis				\$	(87,003)		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Trash Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget Actua		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Charges for Services Investment Income Miscellaneous	\$	245,500 500 -	\$	260,877 - 1,005	\$	15,377 (500) 1,005
Total Revenues		246,000		261,882		15,882
Expenditures Service Operating Expenses		244,725		244,298		427
Total Expenses		244,725		244,298		427
Change in Net Position, Budgetary Basis		1,275		17,584		16,309
Net Position, Beginning		75,663		76,146		483
Net Position, Ending	\$	76,938	\$	93,730	\$	16,792

Balance Sheet Component Unit December 31, 2019

	Red	dgewater development Authority
Assets  Cash and Investments	\$	1,226,577
Taxes Receivable	Ψ	174,180
Total Assets	\$	1,400,757
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	599
Total Liabilities		599
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes		174,180
Fund Balance		
Unrestricted, Unassigned		1,225,978
Total Fund Balance		1,225,978
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,400,757
Amounts Reported for the Component Unit in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Total Fund Balance of Component Unit	\$	1,225,978
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		178,100
Total Net Position of Component Unit	\$	1,404,078

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Component Unit Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Red	Edgewater development Authority
Revenues	_	
Property Tax Increment Investment Income	\$	67,710 14,151
investment income		14,151
Total Revenues		81,861
Expenditures		
General Government	_	76,310
Total Expenditures		76,310
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,551
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,220,427
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	1,225,978
Amounts Reported for the Component Unit in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		
Net Change in Fund Balance of Component Unit	\$	5,551
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement		
of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and		
reported as depreciation expense.		40.000
Capital Outlay Capital Asset Disposals		49,000 (18,661)
Depreciation Expense		(7,565)
Change in Net Position of Component Unit	\$	28,325

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Component Unit - Edgewater Redevelpment Authority Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		Buagot	 7101441		togativo <sub>j</sub>
Property Tax Increment	\$	45,000	\$ 67,710	\$	22,710
Investment Income		1,000	 14,151		13,151
Total Revenues		46,000	 81,861		35,861
Expenditures					
General Government		90,700	 76,310		14,390
Total Expenditures		90,700	 76,310		14,390
Net Change in Fund Balance		(44,700)	5,551		50,251
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,362,556	1,220,427		(142,129)
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	1,317,856	\$ 1,225,978	\$	(91,878)



Financial Planning 02/01 Form # 350-050-36 The public report burden for this information collection is estimated to average 380 hours annually. City or County: Edgewater LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT YEAR ENDING: December 2019 This Information From The Records Of: The City of Edgewater Prepared By: Nichole Kirkpatrick Phone: (720)763-3041 I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE Local C. Receipts from D. Receipts from A. Local B. State Highway-Federal Highway ITEM **Motor-Fuel** Motor-Vehicle Taxes Taxes User Taxes Administration Total receipts available Minus amount used for collection expenses Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes 4. Minus amount used for mass transit Remainder used for highway purposes II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES AMOUNT ITEM AMOUNT A. Local highway disbursements: A. Receipts from local sources: 1. Capital outlay (from page 2) 1. Local highway-user taxes 600,314 a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5. 2. Maintenance: 311,945 3. Road and street services: b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.) c. Total (a.+b.) a. Traffic control operations 109,930 2. General fund appropriations 1,609,299 b. Snow and ice removal 11,818 3. Other local imposts (from page 2) c. Other 4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2) d. Total (a. through c.) 60,285 121,748 Transfers from toll facilities 4. General administration & miscellaneous 34,661 6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes: 5. Highway law enforcement and safety 744,666 a. Bonds - Original Issues 6. Total (1 through 5) 1,813,334 b. Bonds - Refunding Issues 0 B. Debt service on local obligations: c. Notes 1. Bonds: d. Total (a. + b. + c.)0 a. Interest 7. Total (1 through 6) 1,669,584 b. Redemption 0 B. Private Contributions c. Total (a. + b.) 0 2. Notes: C. Receipts from State government a. Interest (from page 2) 143,750 0 D. Receipts from Federal Government b. Redemption 0 c. Total (a. + b.) (from page 2) 0 3. Total (1.c + 2.c)E. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)1,813,334 0 C. Payments to State for highways 0 D. Payments to toll facilities 0 1,813,334 Total disbursements (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)IV. LOCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS (Show all entries at par) Opening Debt Amount Issued Redemptions Closing Debt A. Bonds (Total) 1. Bonds (Refunding Portion) B. Notes (Total) V. LOCAL ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANCE

A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
	1,813,334	1,813,334		0

Notes and Comments:

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. 1-05) PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE

(Next Page)

TAP	HICHWAY FINANCE DEDODT	

STATE:	
Colorado	
YEAR ENDING (mm/yy):	
December 2019	

#### II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	0	a. Interest on investments	0
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalities	25,318
1. Sales Taxes	0	c. Parking Garage Fees	0
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	0	d. Parking Meter Fees	0
3. Liens	0	e. Sale of Surplus Property	0
4. Licenses	0	f. Charges for Services	0
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	0	g. Other Misc. Receipts	0
6. Total (1. through 5.)	0	h. Other County Road & Bridge	34,967
c. Total (a. + b.)	0	i. Total (a. through h.)	60,285
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT ITEM		AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	127,889	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	0
<ul> <li>a. State bond proceeds</li> </ul>		b. FEMA	0
b. Project Match		c. HUD	0
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	15,861	d. Federal Transit Admin	0
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant	0	e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	0
e. Other (Specify)	0	f. Other Federal	0
f. Total (a. through e.)	15,861	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	143,750	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

#### III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs	0	0	0
b. Engineering Costs	0	0	0
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities	0	0	0
(2). Capacity Improvements	0	0	0
(3). System Preservation	0	600,314	600,314
(4). System Enhancement & Operation	0	0	0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	600,314	600,314
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	600,314	600,314
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments: